

Megohmmeters Model 6522 & 6524

User Manual
ENGLISH



Measure up

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AEMC[®]
INSTRUMENTS
CHAUVIN ARNOUX GROUP

Statement of Compliance

Chauvin Arnoux®, Inc. d.b.a. AEMC® Instruments certifies that this instrument has been calibrated using standards and instruments traceable to international standards.

We guarantee that at the time of shipping your instrument has met its published specifications.

An NIST traceable certificate may be requested at the time of purchase, or obtained by returning the instrument to our repair and calibration facility, for a nominal charge.

The recommended calibration interval for this instrument is 12 months and begins on the date of receipt by the customer. For recalibration, please use our calibration services. Refer to our repair and calibration section at www.aemc.com.

Serial #: _____

Catalog #: 2155.51 / 2155.52

Model #: 6522 / 6524

Please fill in the appropriate date as indicated:

Date Received: _____

Date Calibration Due: _____



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Thank you for purchasing the **Megohmmeter Model 6522 or 6524**.

For best results from your instrument:

- Read these operating instructions carefully
- Comply with the precautions for use

	WARNING, risk of DANGER! The operator must refer to these instructions whenever this danger symbol appears
	WARNING, risk of electric shock. The voltage applied to parts marked with this symbol may be hazardous
	Equipment is protected by double insulation
	The voltage on the terminals must not exceed 700V
	Ground/Earth
	Battery
	Information or useful tip
	Remote test probe
	The product is recyclable in accordance with standard ISO14040
	This instrument exceeds regulatory requirements with respect to recycling and reuse
	Indicates conformity with European directives, in particular LVD and EMC
	Indicates that, in the European Union, the instrument must undergo selective disposal in compliance with Directive WEEE 2002/96/EC. This instrument must not be treated as household waste

Definition of Measurement Categories (C T)

- **CAT IV** corresponds to measurements taken at the source of low-voltage installations.
Example: power feeders and protection devices.
- **CAT III** corresponds to measurements on building installations.
Example: distribution panel, circuit-breakers, machines or fixed industrial devices.
- **CAT II** corresponds to measurements taken on circuits directly connected to low-voltage installations.
Example: power supply to electro-domestic devices and portable tools.

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

This instrument is compliant with safety standard IEC 61010-2-030, and the leads are compliant with IEC 61010-031, for voltages up to 600V in CAT IV or 1000V in CAT III.

Failure to observe the following safety instructions may result in electric shock, fire, explosion, and damage to the instrument and installation.

- Carefully read and understand all precautions for use.
- Be aware of all electrical hazards when using this instrument.
- Using this instrument other than as specified may compromise its user protection features.
- The safety of any system in which this instrument is incorporated is the responsibility of the integrator of the system.
- This instrument can be used on CAT IV installations, for voltages not exceeding 600V_{RMS} with respect to ground or 700V_{RMS} maximum between terminals.
- Do not use the instrument on networks whose voltage or category exceeds those specified in this manual.
- Observe all environmental conditions of use (see § 3).
- Except for voltage measurements, take no measurements on electrically “live” systems.
- Do not use the instrument if it appears damaged, incomplete, or poorly closed.
- Before each use, check the condition of the insulation on the leads, housing, and accessories. Any part on which the insulation is deteriorated (even partially) must be set aside for repair or scrapping.
- Using the instrument without its battery compartment cover may result in electric shock to the user.
- Before using your instrument, ensure it is completely dry.
- Use only the leads and accessories supplied. The use of leads (or other accessories) of a lower voltage rating or category limits the use of the instrument/leads (or accessories) combination to the lowest category and service voltage.
- When handling the leads, test probes, and alligator clips, keep your fingers behind the physical guards.
- Before removing the battery compartment cover, ensure all measurement leads and accessories are disconnected. Replace all batteries at once. Use alkaline batteries.
- Use personal protection equipment where appropriate.
- All troubleshooting and metrological checks must be done by competent, accredited personnel.

Table of Contents

1. INTRODUCTION	4
1.1 Receiving Your Shipment.....	4
1.2 Accessories.....	5
1.3 Replacement Parts	5
1.4 Description.....	5
1.4.1 Model 6522 (Front).....	6
1.4.2 Model 6524 (Front).....	7
1.5 Back of Instrument.....	8
1.6 Terminals	9
1.7 Function Buttons.....	9
1.8 LCD Display	10
2. OPERATION.....	11
2.1 Setting Up the Instrument.....	11
2.1.1 Configuration Settings	11
2.1.2 Alarms.....	12
2.1.2.1 Activating/Deactivating the Alarm Function.....	12
2.1.2.2 Setting an Alarm Threshold.....	13
2.1.2.3 Viewing Alarms	14
2.1.3 Δ REL Function (Model 6524).....	15
2.1.4 HOLD Function.....	16
2.1.5 Backlighting	16
2.1.6 Standby Mode	16
2.2 Taking Measurements.....	17
2.2.1 Voltage Measurement.....	17
2.2.2 Insulation Measurement	18
2.2.2.1 TEST Button Operation.....	20
2.2.2.2 Timed Tests	21
2.2.2.3 Remote Control Probe (Optional)	22
2.2.3 Continuity Measurement.....	23
2.2.3.1 Lead Compensation.....	23
2.2.3.2 Continuity Measuring	24
2.2.4 Resistance Measurement (Model 6524).....	25
2.3 Recording Data (Model 6524).....	26
2.3.1 Recording a Measurement	26
2.3.2 Viewing Stored Recordings	27

2.3.3	Deleting Recordings	28
2.3.3.1	Deleting a Single Recording	28
2.3.3.2	Deleting All Recordings.....	28

3. SPECIFICATIONS29

3.1	General Reference Conditions	29
3.2	Electrical Specifications.....	29
3.2.1	Voltage Measurement.....	29
3.2.2	Frequency Measurement.....	30
3.2.3	Insulation Measurement	30
3.2.4	Continuity Measurement.....	32
3.2.5	Resistance Measurement (Model 6524).....	32
3.2.6	Timer.....	32
3.2.7	Storage Memory (Model 6524).....	33
3.3	Operating Environment.....	33
3.3.1	Voltage Measurement.....	33
3.3.2	Insulation Measurement	34
3.3.3	Resistance and Continuity Measurement.....	35
3.3.4	Intrinsic Uncertainty and Operating Uncertainty	36
3.4	Power Supply.....	36
3.5	Environmental Conditions.....	36
3.6	Mechanical Specifications	37
3.7	Safety Standards	37

4. MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING38

4.1	Maintenance	38
4.1.1	Cleaning	38
4.1.2	Replacing the Batteries	38
4.2	Troubleshooting	40
4.2.1	Errors.....	40
4.2.1.1	Voltage present before an insulation measurement.....	40
4.2.1.2	Range exceeded during an insulation measurement....	40
4.2.1.3	Voltage during continuity/resistance/measurement	41
4.2.1.4	Memory full (Model 6524)	41
4.2.2	Resetting the Instrument	41
4.3	Repair and Calibration.....	42
4.4	Technical and Sales Assistance.....	42
4.5	Limited Warranty.....	43
4.6	Warranty Repairs.....	43

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Receiving Your Shipment

Upon receiving your megohmmeter product package, ensure the contents are consistent with the packing list. Notify your distributor of any missing items. If the equipment appears to be damaged, file a claim immediately with the carrier and notify your distributor at once, providing a detailed description. Save the damaged packing container to substantiate your claim.

Ordering Information:

Megohmmeter Model 6522..... **Cat. #2155.51**
Megohmmeter Model 6524..... **Cat. #2155.52**

Shipping Contents:



One of the following:
Megohmmeter Model 6522
or
Megohmmeter Model 6524



Soft Carrying Case



Two 1.5m test leads (red/black), two alligator clips (red/black), 1 test probe (black)

Both models also include 6 AA batteries and a user manual.

1.2 Accessories

Megohmmeter Test Probe	Cat. #2155.75
Case - Field Case (Waterproof).....	Cat. #2155.77
Case - Hands Free Carrying Case	Cat. #2118.99
Continuity Pole	Cat. #2138.54
Probe - Set of 2, Color-coded (Red/Black) Grip Probes.....	Cat. #2152.26

1.3 Replacement Parts

Lead - Set of 2, Color-coded 5 ft (Red/Black) Silicone Leads, Test Probes & Alligator Clips {Rated 1000V CAT IV}.....	Cat. #2152.05
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For accessories and replacement parts, visit our store at www.aemc.com.

1.4 Description

The Megohmmeters Models 6522 and 6524 are portable measuring instruments with digital displays. They are powered by batteries. These instruments can check the safety of electrical installations. For example, they can be used to test new installations before they are powered up, check an existing installation in a power-off condition, or troubleshoot an installation.

Features Include:

	Model 6522	Model 6524
Insulation test voltages	250, 500, and 1000V	50, 100, 250, 500, and 1000V
PI and DAR ratios calculation		✓
Continuity measurement	✓	✓
Resistance measurement		✓
Programmable alarms		✓
Frequency measurement		✓
Storage of the measurements		✓

1.4.1 Model 6522 (Front)

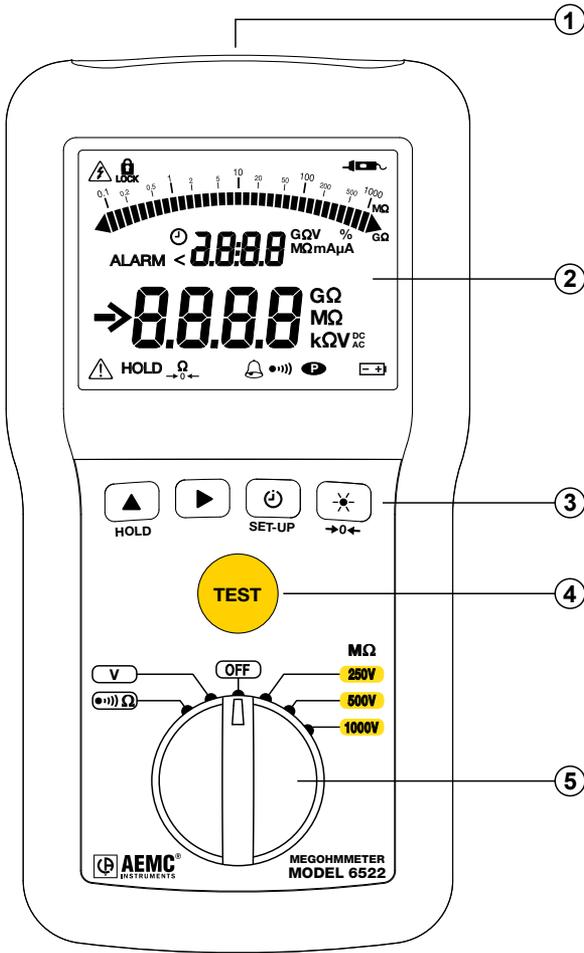


Figure 1

1. Input terminals
2. Blue backlit LCD
3. Four function buttons (see § 1.7)
4. **TEST** button to start insulation measurements (see § 2.2.2.1)
5. Six-position rotary switch to choose the function or to turn the instrument OFF

1.4.2 Model 6524 (Front)

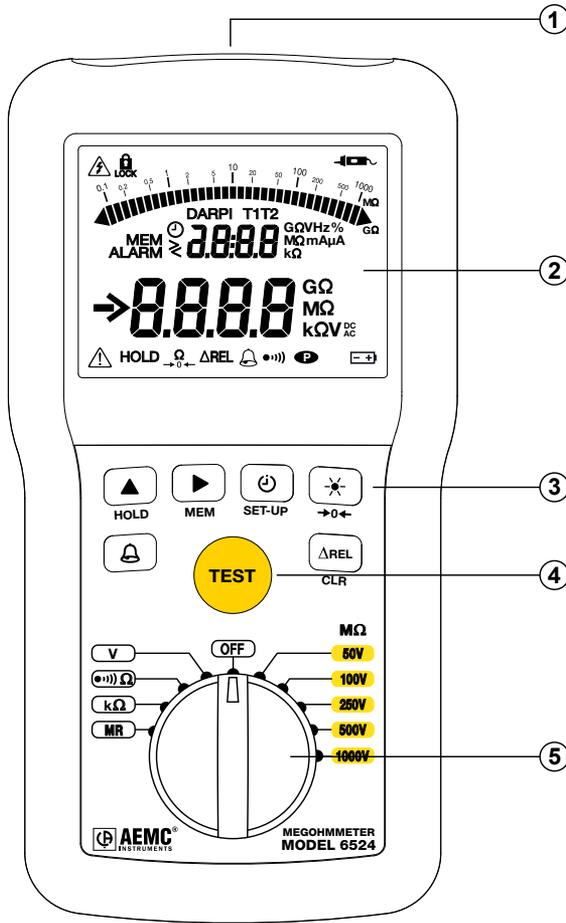


Figure 2

1. Input terminals
2. Blue backlit LCD
3. Six function buttons (see § 1.7)
4. **TEST** button to start insulation measurements (see § 2.2.2.1)
5. Ten-position rotary switch to choose the function or to turn the instrument OFF

1.5 Back of Instrument

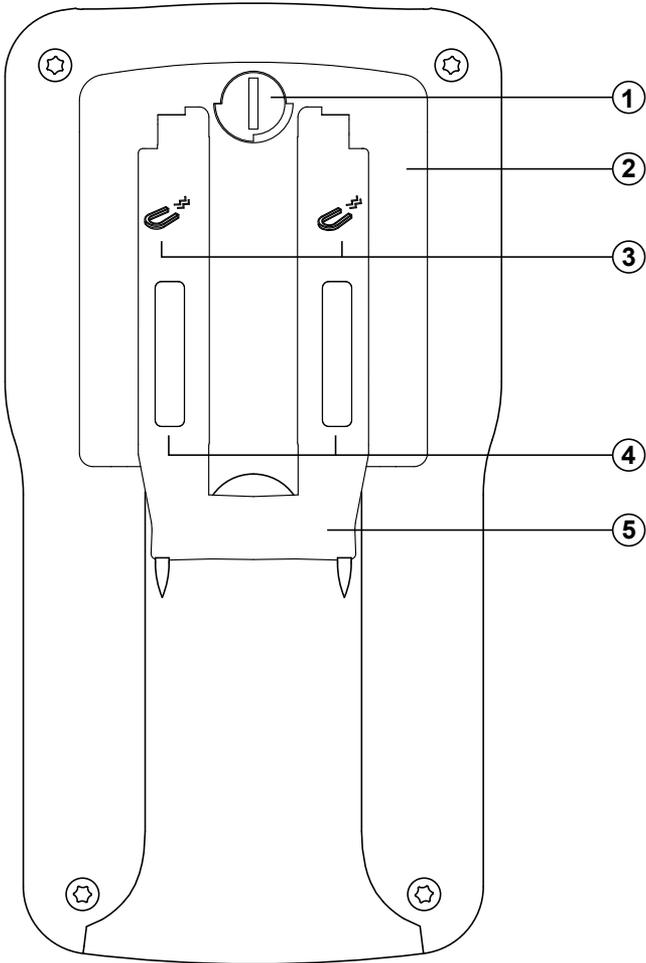


Figure 3

1. Captive quarter-turn screw
2. Battery compartment cover
3. Mounting magnets, molded into instrument case (Model 6524)
4. Non-skid pads
5. Stand

1.6 Terminals

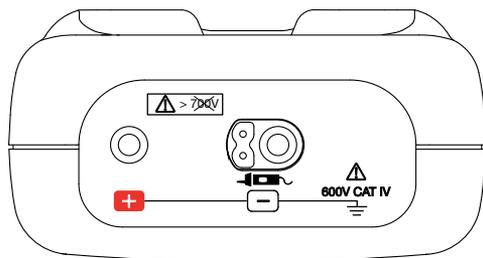


Figure 4

The instrument has one positive (+) terminal and one negative (-) terminal. The negative terminal also supports the remote probe accessory (see § 2.2.2.3).

1.7 Function Buttons

In general, each button has two functions. One is marked on the button, and is enabled via a short press. The second function is marked under the button, and is enabled by a long (>2 seconds) press.

BUTTON	DESCRIPTION
	Selects the LOCK , PI , and DAR functions (§ 2.2.2).
	Toggles backlighting ON and OFF (§ 2.1.5).
HOLD	Freezes/unfreezes the displayed measurement on the LCD (§ 2.1.4).
SET-UP	Accesses the instrument's setup parameters and information (§ 2.1.1).
	Applies lead compensation in continuity testing (§ 2.2.3.1).
	(Model 6524) Activates/deactivates alarms (§ 2.1.2).
	Modify the display and program the durations of insulation measurements (§ 2.2.2.2).
	Choose the continuity test current (§ 2.2.3). Program the alarm thresholds on the Model 6524 (§ 2.1.2).
ΔRel	(Model 6524) Displays the difference between the present measurement and a stored reference measurement (§ 2.1.3).
MEM	(Model 6524) Records measurements (§ 2.3).
CLR	(Model 6524) Erase recorded measurements (§ 2.3.3).

1.8 LCD Display

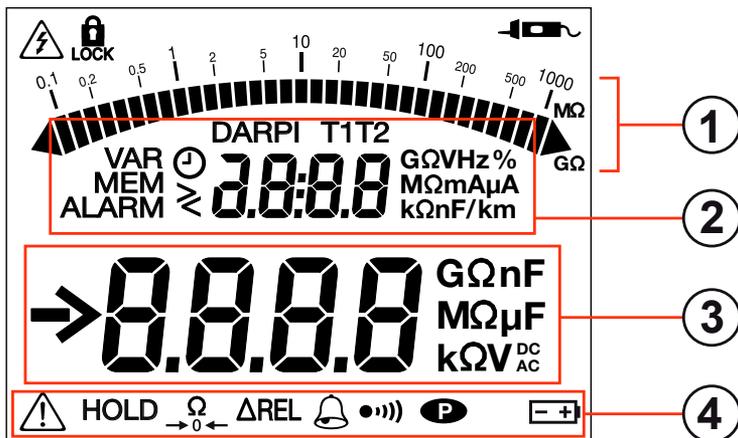


Figure 5

1. Logarithmic bar graph displays insulation measurements
2. Secondary display area
3. Main display area
4. Icons/indicators

When the measured value is below the minimum, the instrument displays - - - - .

When measuring voltage, if the reading falls outside the range defined by the positive and negative limits, the instrument displays **OL** or **- OL**.

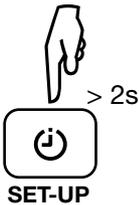
2. OPERATION



Except when measuring voltage, all measurements must be made on powered-off systems. Therefore check to ensure there is no voltage on the system under test before making a non-voltage measurement. When the rotary switch is set to the voltage or an insulation testing position, the instrument measures and displays any voltage present at the input terminals prior to the user pressing the test button.

2.1 Setting Up the Instrument

2.1.1 Configuration Settings



A >2 second press of the **SET-UP** button enables you to change configuration settings on the instrument. You can then use the ▲ and ► buttons to scroll through and modify parameters.

In Set-Up mode, the ▲ button performs the following functions:

<p>1st press on ▲</p>		<p>The alarm buzzer is active. To deactivate it:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Press ►. On will blink to indicate it is selected.2. Press ▲ to change the setting to OFF.3. Press ► to validate the change. <p>The ●))) symbol disappears from the display when you exit Set-Up.</p> <p>Note that this setting reverts to On when you turn OFF the instrument.</p>
----------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

<p>2nd press on ▲</p>		<p>Automatic switching to standby mode is activated. To deactivate it:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Press ► to select OFF (the setting blinks). 2. Press ▲ to change the setting to On. 3. Press ► to validate the change. <p>The P symbol appears on the display when you exit Set-Up.</p> <p>Note that this setting reverts to OFF when you turn OFF the instrument.</p>
<p>3rd press on ▲</p>		<p>Displays the instrument model number.</p>
<p>4th press on ▲</p>		<p>Displays the instrument firmware version.</p>
<p>5th press on ▲</p>		<p>Displays the instrument hardware version.</p>
<p>6th press on ▲</p>		<p>Return to the first press.</p>

2.1.2 Alarms

The instrument includes an alarm function that sounds an audible buzzer when a defined alarm condition is measured. Alarm features are model-dependent (see below).

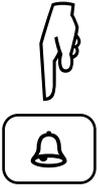
2.1.2.1 Activating/Deactivating the Alarm Function

Model 6522:

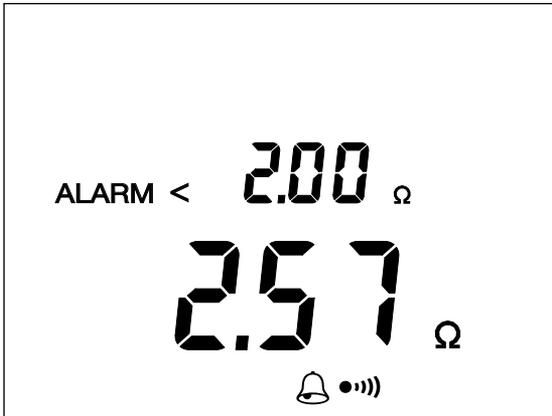


The alarm is available in continuity testing mode. Pressing the **TEST** button activates the alarm. The  symbol appears on the LCD, along with the threshold value (2Ω). If the measurement is below this threshold and the buzzer is active, the instrument emits an audible signal.

Model 6524:



The alarm is available in insulation, resistance, and continuity measurement modes. Pressing the  button activates the alarm. The  symbol is displayed, along with the threshold value.



To turn OFF the alarm buzzer while it is sounding, press the **HOLD** button. To deactivate an active alarm function, press the  button.

2.1.2.2 Setting an Alarm Threshold

While  is displayed indicating the alarm function is active, you can change the alarm threshold by pressing the **▲** button (except during insulation measurements). For each testing mode, there are three pre-defined threshold values:

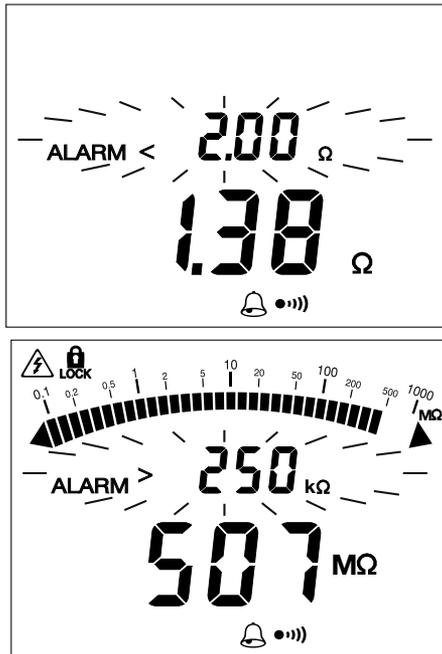
- Continuity: < 2Ω, <1Ω and <0.5Ω
- Resistance: >50kΩ, >100kΩ and >200kΩ
- Insulation:
 - 50V : <50kΩ, <100kΩ and <20kΩ
 - 100V : <100kΩ, <200kΩ and <400kΩ
 - 250V : <250kΩ, <500kΩ and <1MΩ
 - 500V : <500kΩ, <1MΩ and <2MΩ
 - 1000V : <1MΩ, <2MΩ and <4MΩ

In each measurement mode, the third threshold can be replaced by a user-defined value. To do this:

1. Press the ► button while the threshold value is displayed.
2. The > symbol starts blinking; you can change it to < by pressing the ▲ button. This symbol indicates the direction of the alarm threshold: < for a low threshold and > for a high threshold.
3. To change the threshold setting, press the ► button to navigate to the first digit, and then use the ▲ button to change its value.
4. Use the ► and ▲ buttons to select and change the other digits in the threshold value, as well as the units of measurement.
5. When finished setting the threshold, press the ► button to validate the setting.

2.1.2.3 Viewing Alarms

When the measurement is below a low alarm threshold or above a high alarm threshold, the instrument emits a continuous audible signal and the LCD indicates the threshold crossed:



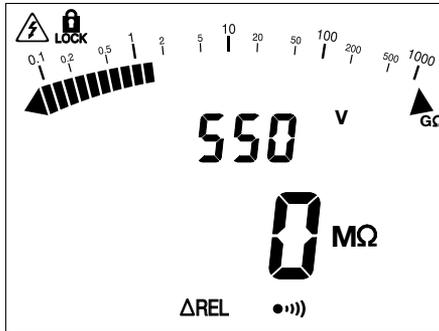
When checking continuity, this enables you to determine whether or not the continuity measurement is less than 2Ω simply by listening, without looking at the display. You can similarly check insulation quality.

2.1.3 ΔREL Function (Model 6524)



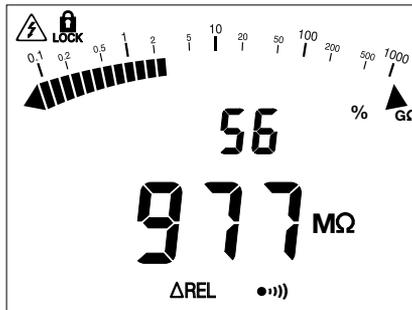
For an insulation, resistance, or capacitance measurement, you can configure the instrument to subtract a reference value from the measured value and display the difference.

To activate this function, take a measurement, and then press the ΔREL button. This measurement becomes the reference (R_{ref}) and will be stored and subtracted from subsequent measurement values (R_{meas}). The ΔREL symbol appears on the LCD while this function is activated.



If the measured value is less than the stored value, the display becomes negative.

You can display the difference as a percentage of the reference ($\frac{R_{meas} - R_{ref}}{R_{ref}}$) by pressing the ► button until the % sign appears:



For insulation measurements, only the digital display is modified by ΔREL. The bar graph continues to display the true measured value.

To deactivate the ΔREL function, press the ΔREL button or turn the rotary switch to another setting.

2.1.4 HOLD Function



Pressing the **HOLD** button freezes the display of the measurement. This can be done in all functions except the **MΩ** settings, or during a timed measurement (⌚, **DAR**, **PI**).

To unfreeze the display, press the **HOLD** button again.

2.1.5 Backlighting



Pressing the ☀ button turns ON backlighting for the LCD.

To switch it OFF, press the ☀ button again. Otherwise, backlighting goes OFF automatically at the end of one minute.

2.1.6 Standby Mode

After 5 minutes of operation with no user activity, the instrument automatically switches to standby mode. To restore normal operation, simply press any button. The instrument returns to the state it was in prior to entering standby mode, with no loss of information (value of the last measurement, compensation of the leads, **ΔRel**, timed mode, alarm, etc.).

Automatic switching to standby mode is disabled during:

- insulation measurements in **lock** mode and in timed mode (⌚, **PI**, or **DAR**).
- continuity measurements, for as long as measurements are made.

Automatic switching to standby is disabled via the **SET-UP** button (see § 2.1.1).

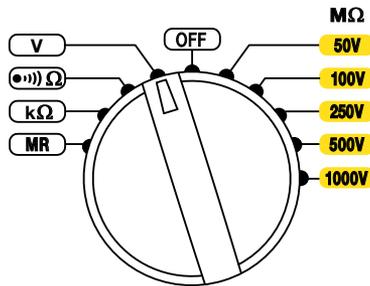
2.2 Taking Measurements

2.2.1 Voltage Measurement

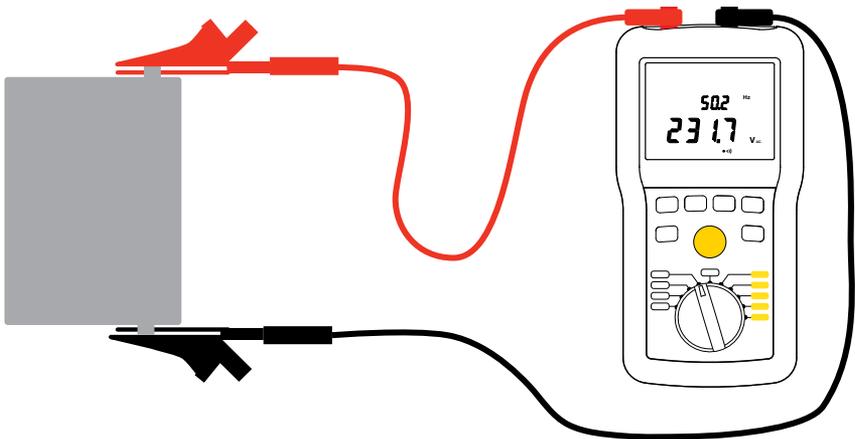


To ensure proper and accurate operation of the instrument, we recommend measuring a known voltage (such as an electrical outlet) before measuring unknown voltages.

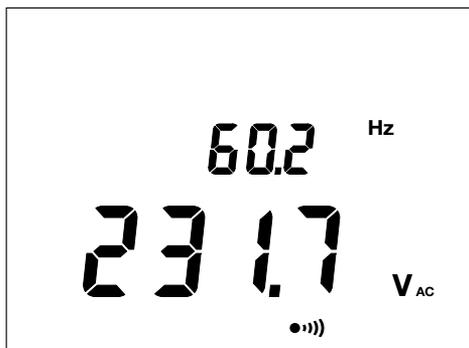
1. Set the switch to **V** or to one of the **MΩ** positions.



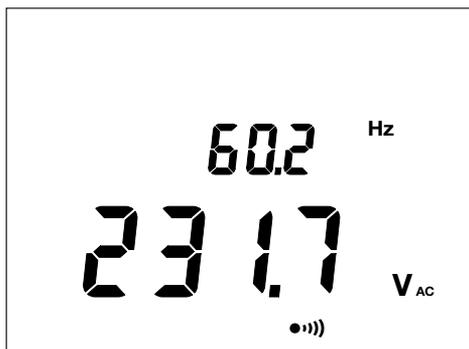
2. Using the leads, connect the system to be tested to the instrument's terminals.



The instrument displays the voltage on the terminals. It detects whether the voltage is AC or DC; and (for the Model 6524) if it is AC, displays its frequency.



In the **MΩ** settings, the  symbol indicates that the voltage is too high (>25V) and that insulation measurements are prohibited:



If the voltage is >15V, continuity, resistance, and capacitance measurements are prohibited.

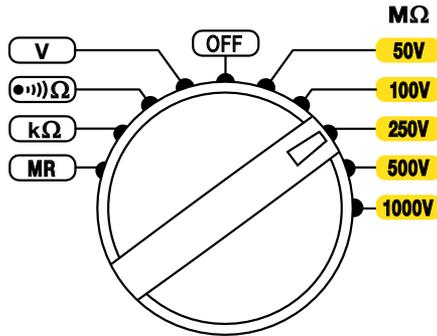
2.2.2 Insulation Measurement



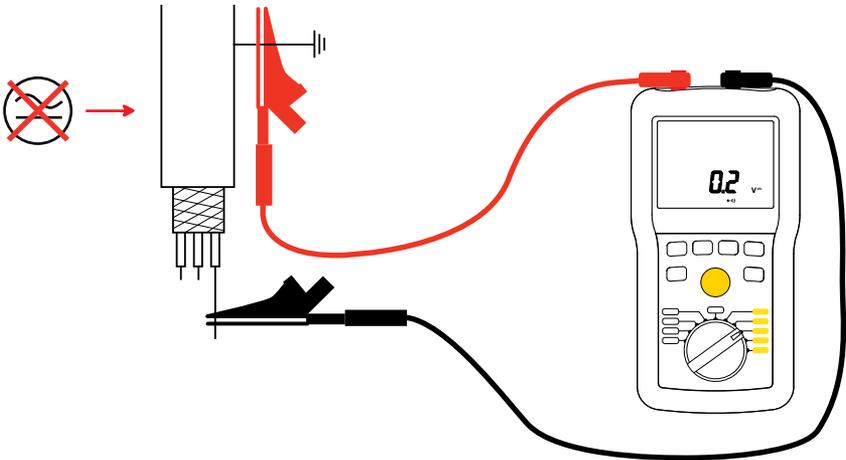
Insulation measurement results can be affected by the impedances of additional circuits connected in parallel or by transient currents.

Do not start any measurement while the symbol  is displayed.

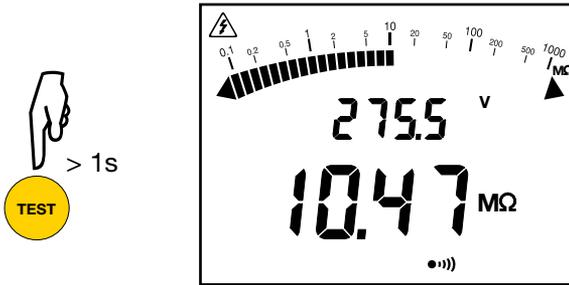
1. Set the rotary switch to one of the **MΩ** positions. The test voltage depends on the voltage of the installation to be tested.



2. Use the leads to connect the system to be tested to the instrument's terminals. The system under test must be powered down and discharged. When testing insulation, the typical connection is negative (black) lead to conductor and positive (red) lead to ground or the outer insulation of the device under test.



3. (Optional) Press the ► button to display the current or the elapsed time. (You can also do this during the measurement.)
4. Press the **TEST** button and hold it down until the displayed measurement is stable. Note that if the instrument detects a voltage greater than 25V in the system under test, pressing the **TEST** button has no effect because the test will be prohibited. (An error screen will appear.)
5. The resistance measurement is displayed on the LCD's main display area and on the bar graph. The secondary display area indicates the test voltage generated by the instrument.



The  symbol indicates that the instrument is generating a hazardous voltage (>70V).

- At the end of the measurement, release the **TEST** button. The instrument stops generating the test voltage and discharges the device being tested. The  symbol is displayed until the voltage on the system under test has fallen below 70V.



NOTE: Do not disconnect the leads and do not start any measurement while the symbol  is displayed.

When you release the **TEST** button, the measurement results remain displayed until the next measurement, or the **HOLD** button is pressed, or the instrument is turned OFF.

2.2.2.1 TEST Button Operation

Pressing the **TEST** button starts an insulation measurement. In normal mode, the test voltage is generated for as long as the button is pressed. When the button is released, the measurement stops.

In  mode, press the test button once to start the measurement, then press it a second time to stop; there is no need to keep the button pressed. However, if you do not stop the measurement, it will stop automatically after 15 minutes.

In timed test mode (, **DAR**, or **PI**) press the **TEST** button once to start the measurement. The test will stop automatically at the end of the defined test duration time.

2.2.2.2 Timed Tests

The **TIMER**  button activates timed test mode. This button is active only for insulation measurements.

1 st press	 LOCK	This locks the TEST button. After you start the measurement, it continues to run without requiring you to keep the TEST button pressed. The test will run until you stop it, or when 15 minutes have passed.
2 nd press	 2:00	This activates timed test mode. You can set a test duration between 1 and 39:59 minutes. Use the ▶ and ▲ buttons to modify the value displayed. When the time duration is displayed, press the ▶ button to enter edit mode. When the first digit blinks, you can change it using the ▲ button. Press ▶ to go to the next digit and ▲ to change it. Then press ▶ to validate.
3 rd press	PI T2 10:00	(Model 6524) This enables the PI function. This is used to calculate the polarization index (the ratio of the measurement at 10 minutes to the measurement at 1 minute).
4 th press	DAR T2 1:00	(Model 6524) This enables the DAR function. This is used to calculate the dielectric absorption ratio (the ratio of the measurement at 1 minute to the measurement at 30 seconds).
5 th press		Exits timed test mode.

When , **DAR**, or **PI** is activated, pressing the **TEST** button starts the test. The LCD displays the measurement, along with a “countdown” timer showing the time remaining in the test. The test automatically stops when the duration end time is reached and the result is displayed.





Successive presses on the ▲ button display intermediate values. These include:

For DAR :

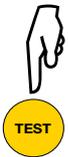
- Programmed time, voltage, and current at the end of the measurement

For **PI** and **DAR**:

- T1 time and the voltage, current, and insulation resistance at that time
- T2 time and the voltage, current, and insulation resistance at that time

Use the following table as a guide for interpreting the results of a **DAR** or **PI** test:

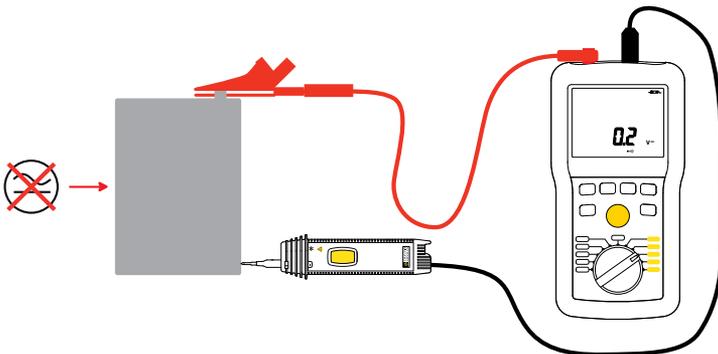
DAR	PI	Condition of insulation
$\text{DAR} < 1.25$	$\text{PI} < 2$	Poor or even dangerous
$1.25 \leq \text{DAR} < 1.6$	$2 \leq \text{PI} < 4$	Good
$1.6 \leq \text{DAR}$	$4 \leq \text{PI}$	Excellent



Press the **TEST** button to return to voltage measurement.

2.2.2.3 Remote Control Probe (Optional)

The optional remote control probe is used to trigger the measurement using the **TEST** button on the probe. To use this accessory, refer to its separate operating instructions.



When the probe is connected, the  symbol is displayed on the instrument's LCD.



NOTE: The remote probe can also be used as a passive probe by simply touching the probe tip to the test point. It is not necessary to press the test button.

2.2.3 Continuity Measurement

Continuity measurement measures a low resistance (<10 or 100Ω depending on the current) at a high current (200 or 20mA).

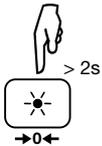


NOTE: A current of 20mA reduces the power consumption of the instrument, increasing its battery life. However, the standard IEC 61557 requires 200mA current for continuity testing.

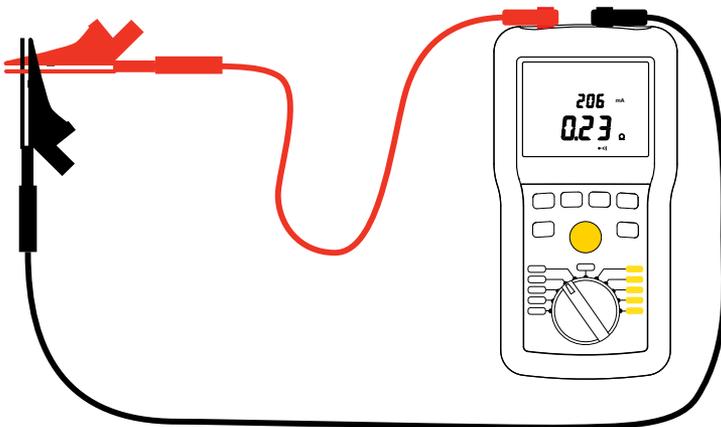
The Model 6522 can take measurements only at 200mA.

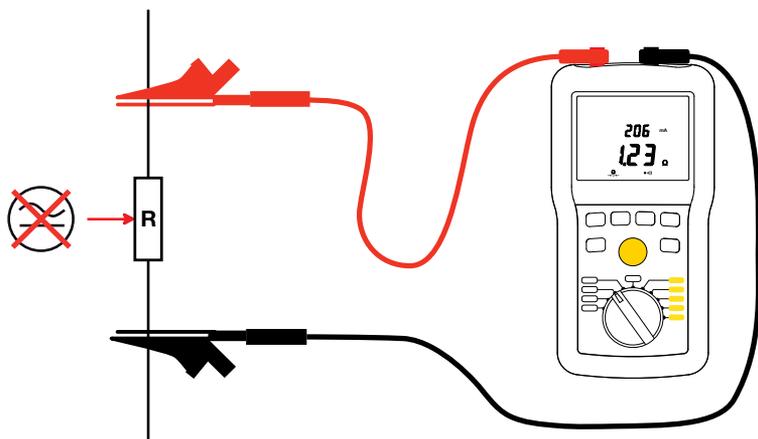
If an external voltage $>15V$ is detected in the system under test during the continuity measurement, the instrument is protected without a fuse. The continuity measurement is stopped and the instrument reports an error until the voltage disappears.

2.2.3.1 Lead Compensation



Before checking continuity, you should compensate for the resistance of the measurement leads. This ensures that the resistance measurement excludes the resistance in the leads. To do this, set the rotary switch to $\bullet\bullet\bullet\Omega$. Then short-circuit the measurement leads and press the $\rightarrow 0 \leftarrow$ button for >2 seconds.





The instrument displays the resistance and the current used in the test.

To obtain a continuity value per standard IEC 61557:

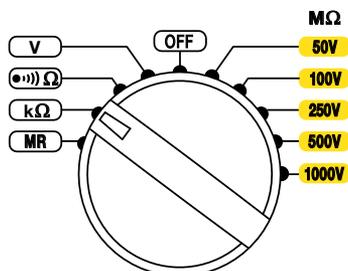
1. Take a measurement at 200 mA and note its value, R1.
2. Reverse the leads and note the value R2.
3. Calculate the mean:

$$R = \frac{R_1 + R_2}{2}$$

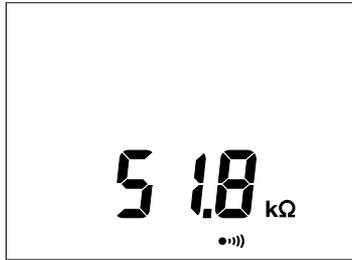
2.2.4 Resistance Measurement (Model 6524)

Resistance measurements up to 1000kΩ are made with a low current.

1. Set the rotary switch to kΩ.



2. Connect the system to be tested to the instrument. The device to be tested must be powered down.
3. The instrument displays the results.

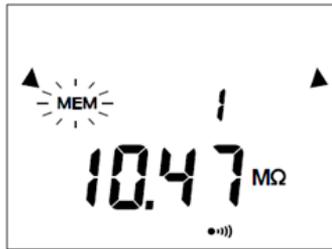
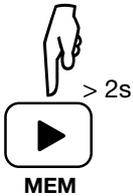


2.3 Recording Data (Model 6524)

2.3.1 Recording a Measurement

A measurement can be stored in the instrument's memory if the measurement is:

- “Frozen” on the LCD via the **HOLD** button (§ 2.1.4)
- The result of a timed test (§ 2.2.2.2)

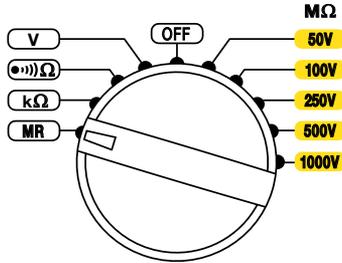


To save the measurement, press the **MEM** button for >2 seconds. The measurement is stored in the first available record in the instrument's memory.

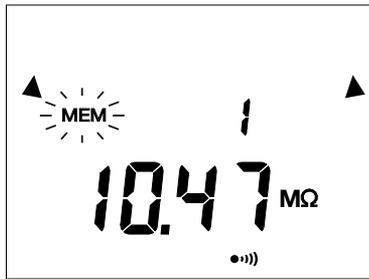
The saved recording includes all information associated with the measurement, including voltage, current, duration of tests, T1 and T2 (for **PI** and **DAR**), and other data. The recording also includes a bar graph indicating how much available memory remains in the instrument.

2.3.2 Viewing Stored Recordings

1. Set the rotary switch to **MR**.



2. The instrument displays the last recording stored in the instrument. The secondary (top) display indicates the memory location; while the main display indicates the measured value.



- To see the other measurements, press the ▲ button. The record number is decremented and the corresponding measurement is displayed.
3. To scroll rapidly through the recorded measurements, keep the ▲ button pressed.
 4. To select a specific recording, use the ► button to change the recording number.
 5. Once you select the recording number, you can see all information associated with the measurement. Press the **MEM** button for >2 seconds, then use the ▲ button to scroll the information.
 6. When finished viewing recordings, press **MEM** for >2 seconds.

2.3.3 Deleting Recordings

2.3.3.1 Deleting a Single Recording

1. Set the rotary switch to **MR**.
2. Use the ▲ and ► buttons to select the number of the recording to be deleted.
3. Press the **CLR** button for >2 seconds. The record number blinks and the LCD displays the letters **CLR**.
4. Press the **MEM** button for >2 seconds to confirm the deletion. To cancel, press the **CLR** button for >2 seconds.

2.3.3.2 Deleting All Recordings

1. Set the rotary switch to **MR**.
2. Press the **CLR** button for >2 seconds.
3. Press the ▲ button; the record number is replaced by **ALL**.
4. To cancel, press the **CLR** button for >2 seconds. Otherwise, press the **MEM** button for >2 seconds to confirm the deletion.
5. The instrument displays a message indicating the memory is empty.



3. SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 General Reference Conditions

Quantity of Influence	Reference Values
Temperature	73.4° ± 5.4°F (23° ± 3°C)
Relative humidity	45 to 55% RH
Frequency	DC and 45 to 65Hz
Supply voltage	8 ± 0.2V battery life indication 58% ± 8%
Electric field	0V/m
Magnetic field	< 40A/m

- **The intrinsic uncertainty** is the error specified for the reference conditions.
- **The operating uncertainty** includes the intrinsic uncertainty plus variations of the quantities of influence (position, supply voltage, temperature, etc.) as defined in standard IEC 61557.



In this section, uncertainties are typically expressed as % of the reading (R) plus number of display counts (ct).

3.2 Electrical Specifications

3.2.1 Voltage Measurement

Specific reference conditions: Peak factor = 1.414 in AC, sinusoidal signal.

Measurement Range	0.3 to 399.9V	400 to 700V
Resolution	0.1V (AC and DC)	1V (AC and DC)
Intrinsic uncertainty	± (3% R + 2 ct)	
Input impedance	400kΩ	
Frequency ranges	DC and 15.3 to 800Hz	

3.2.2 Frequency Measurement

Measurement Range	15.3 to 399.9Hz	400 to 800Hz
Resolution	0.1Hz	1Hz
Intrinsic uncertainty	$\pm (1\% R + 2 \text{ ct})$	$\pm (1.5\% R + 1 \text{ ct})$

3.2.3 Insulation Measurement

Specific reference condition: Capacitance in parallel on resistance = null

Measurement Range

Test Voltage	Model 6522	Model 6524
50V		10k Ω to 10G Ω
100V		20k Ω to 20G Ω
250V	50k Ω to 10G Ω	50k Ω to 50G Ω
500V	100k Ω to 20G Ω	100k Ω to 100G Ω
1000V	200k Ω to 40G Ω	200k Ω to 200G Ω

Accuracy

Test Voltage (V _T)	50V - 100V - 250V - 500V - 1000V					
Measurement Range	10 to 999k Ω and 1.000 to 3.999 M Ω	4.00 to 39.99M Ω	40.0 to 399.9M Ω	400 to 3999M Ω	4.00 to 39.99G Ω	40.0 to 200.0G Ω
Resolution	1k Ω	10k Ω	100k Ω	1M Ω	10M Ω	100M Ω
Accuracy	$V_T = 50V: \pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct} + 2\%/G\Omega)$ $V_T = 100V: \pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct} + 1\%/G\Omega)$ $V_T = 250V: \pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct} + 0.4\%/G\Omega)$ $V_T = 500V: \pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct} + 0.2\%/G\Omega)$ $V_T = 1000V: \pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct} + 0.1\%/G\Omega)$					

For all test voltages, when the insulation resistance is $\leq 2G\Omega$ the intrinsic uncertainty is $\pm (3\% R + 2 \text{ ct})$.

Bar Graph

Measurement Range	0.1M Ω - 200G Ω *
Resolution	9 segments per decade
Intrinsic uncertainty	$\pm (5\% R + 1 \text{ segment})$

*When the measurement range is exceeded, the whole bar graph is displayed.

Test Voltage

Measurement Range	0.0 to 399.9V	400 to 1250V
Resolution	0.1V	1V
Accuracy	$\pm (3\% R + 3 \text{ ct})$	

Typical Discharge Time after Test

To go from V_T to 25V, the discharge time is $< 2s/\mu F$.

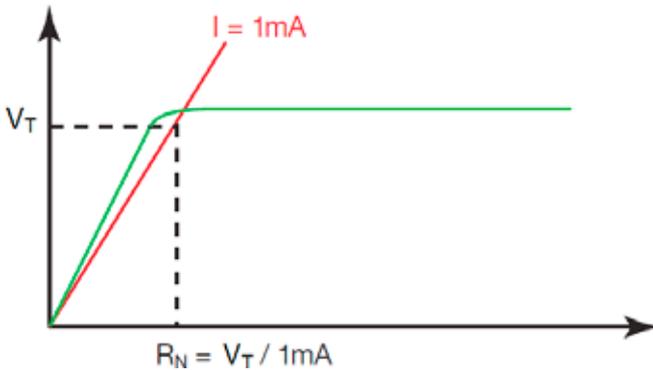
Test Current

Maximum test current: 2mA

Measurement Range	0.01 to 39.99 μA	40.0 to 399.9 μA	0.400 to 2.000mA
Resolution	10nA	100nA	1 μA
Accuracy	$\pm (10\% R + 3 \text{ ct})$		

Typical Test Voltage vs Load Curve

The voltage as a function of the measured resistance is illustrated below:



The range of operation per IEC 61557 is from 100k Ω to 2G Ω (see § 3.3.4).

3.2.4 Continuity Measurement

Specific reference condition: Inductance in series with the resistance = zero.

Measurement Range (without compensation of the leads)	0.00* to 10.00Ω (Models 6522 & 6524)	0.0* to 100.0Ω (Model 6524 only)
Resolution	10mΩ	100mΩ
Accuracy	± (2% + 2 ct)	
Test Current	200mA	20mA
Open Voltage	≥ 6V	

*In the case of incorrect compensation of the leads, the instrument allows display of negative values, down to -0.05Ω at 200mA and -0.5Ω at 20mA.

Test Current

200mA range: 200mA (0mA + 20mA)

20mA range: 20mA ± 5mA

Measurement Range	0 to 250mA
Resolution	1mA
Accuracy	± (2% + 2 ct)

Lead Compensation: 0 to 9.99Ω.

3.2.5 Resistance Measurement (Model 6524)

Measurement Range	0 to 3999Ω	4.00 to 39.99kΩ	40.0 to 399.9kΩ	400 to 1000kΩ
Resolution	1Ω	10Ω	100Ω	1kΩ
Accuracy	± (3% + 2 ct)			
Open voltage	approximately 4.5V			

3.2.6 Timer

Measurement Range	0:00 to 39:59
Resolution	1s
Accuracy	± 1% of duration

3.2.7 Storage Memory (Model 6524)

Maximum number of recordings stored in memory: 300

3.3 Operating Environment

3.3.1 Voltage Measurement

Influencing Parameter	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
			Typical	Maximum
Temperature	-4 to 131°F (20 to + 55°C)	V, F		0.3% R/18°F + 1 ct (0.3% R/10°C + 1 ct)
Relative Humidity	20 to 80% RH	V, F		1% R + 2 ct
Frequency	15.3 to 800Hz	V	1%	2% R + 1 ct
Supply Voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	V, F		0.1% R + 2 ct
Common Mode Rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600V _{AC}	V	50dB	40dB

3.3.2 Insulation Measurement

Influencing Parameter	Range of Influence	Quantity Influenced	Influence	
			Typical	Maximum
Temperature	-4 to 131°F (-20 to + 55°C)	MΩ R ≤ 3GΩ 3GΩ < R < 10GΩ 10GΩ ≤ R	1% R/10°C + 1pt	2% R/10°C + 2 ct 3% R/10°C + 2 ct 4% R/10°C + 2 ct
		V _T : 50 to 500V V _T : 1000V		0.5% R/10°C + 1 ct 1% R/10 °C + 1 ct
		Measurement current	1% R/10°C + 1 ct	2% R/10°C + 2 ct
Relative Humidity	20 to 80% RH	MΩ	2% R + 1 ct	3% R + 2 ct
		V _T : 50 to 1000V		1% R + 2 ct
		Measurement current		1% R + 2 ct
Supply Voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	MΩ		0.1% R + 2 ct
50/60Hz AC voltage superposed on the test voltage (V _T)		50V: R ≤ 0.1GΩ : 4V from 0.1 to 1GΩ : 0.2V		5% R + 2 ct
		100 and 250V: from 100kΩ to 10MΩ : 20V from 10MΩ to 1 GΩ : 0.3V		
		500 and 1000V: from 500kΩ to 50MΩ : 20V from 50MΩ to 3 GΩ : 0.3V		
Capacitance in parallel on resistance to be measured	0 to 5μF at 1mA	MΩ		1% R + 1 ct
	0 to 2μF	50, 100 and 250V: from 10kΩ to 3GΩ	6% R + 2 ct	10% R + 2 ct
		500 and 1000V: from 100kΩ to 10GΩ	6% R + 2 ct	10% R + 2 ct
	0 to 1μF	50V: ≤5GΩ 250V: ≤15GΩ 1000V: ≤100GΩ	6% R + 2 ct	10% R + 2 ct

Common mode rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600Vac	V	50dB	40dB
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3.3.3 Resistance and Continuity Measurement

Influencing parameter	Range of influence	Quantity influenced	Influence	
			Typical	Maximum
Temperature	-4 to 131°F (-20 to + 55°C)	at 200mA		2% R/10°C + 2 ct
		at 20mA		2% R/10°C + 2 ct
		R		1% R/10°C + 2 ct
Relative Humidity	20 to 80% RH	at 200mA	2% R + 1 ct	4% R + 2 ct
		at 20mA		4% R + 2 ct
		R		3% R + 2 ct
Supply Voltage	6.6 to 9.6V	at 200mA at 20mA R		0.1% R + 2 ct
50/60Hz AC voltage superposed on the test voltage (V_T)	0.5Vac	at 200mA		5% R + 10 ct
	For $R \geq 10\Omega$: 0.4Vac	at 20mA		
	Accepts no perturbations	R		
Common mode rejection in AC 50/60 Hz	0 to 600Vac	at 200mA at 20mA R	50dB	40dB

3.3.4 Intrinsic Uncertainty and Operating Uncertainty

These megohmmeters comply with standard IEC 61557, which requires that the operating uncertainty (called B) must be less than 30%.

In insulation and continuity measurements:

$$B = \pm(|A| + 1.15 \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^3 + E_3^2})$$

where:

A = intrinsic uncertainty

E_1 = influence of the reference position $\pm 90^\circ$

E_2 = influence of the supply voltage within the limits indicated by the manufacturer

E_3 = influence of the temperature between 32 and 95°F (0 and 35°C)

3.4 Power Supply

The instrument is powered by six 1.5V alkaline AA (LR6) batteries.

The voltage range ensuring correct operation is from 6.6 to 9.6V.

Typical life between charges:

- 1500 5-second insulation measurements at 1000V for R = 1 MΩ, at the rate of one measurement per minute.
- 3000 5-second continuity measurements, at the rate of one measurement per minute.

3.5 Environmental Conditions

Indoor use

Range of operation: -4 to 131°F (-20 to +55°C) and 20 to 80% RH

Range of storage (without batteries): -22 to 176°F (-30 to +80°C) and 10 to 90% RH without condensation

Altitude: <6562 ft (2000m)

Degree of pollution: 2

3.6 Mechanical Specifications

Dimensions (L x W x H): 8.31 x 4.25 x 2.36" (211 x 108 x 60mm)

Weight: approximately 1.87lb (850g)

Ingress protection:

- IP 54 per IEC 60529, not in operation
- IK 04 per IEC 50102

Drop test: per IEC 610

3.7 Safety Standards

Safety according to: EN 61010

Insulation Class: 2

Pollution Degree: 2

Overvoltage Category: 600V CAT IV

Immunity according to: EN 61326

Emission according to: EN 61326

Specifications are subject to change without notice.

4. MAINTENANCE & TROUBLESHOOTING



Except for the batteries, the instrument contains no parts that can be replaced by personnel who have not been specially trained and accredited. Any unauthorized repair or replacement of a part by an “equivalent” may impair safety.

4.1 Maintenance

4.1.1 Cleaning

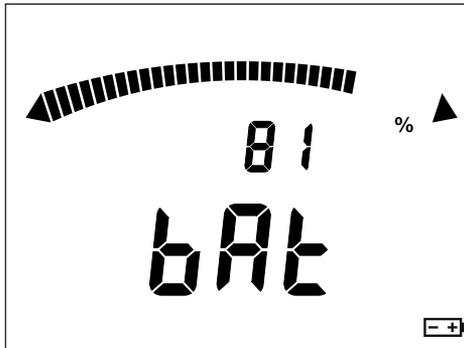
Disconnect the unit completely and turn the rotary switch to OFF.

Use a soft cloth, dampened with soapy water. Rinse with a damp cloth and dry rapidly with a dry cloth or forced air. Do not use alcohol, solvents, or hydrocarbons.

Do not use the instrument again until it is completely dry.

4.1.2 Replacing the Batteries

At start-up, the instrument displays the remaining battery life:

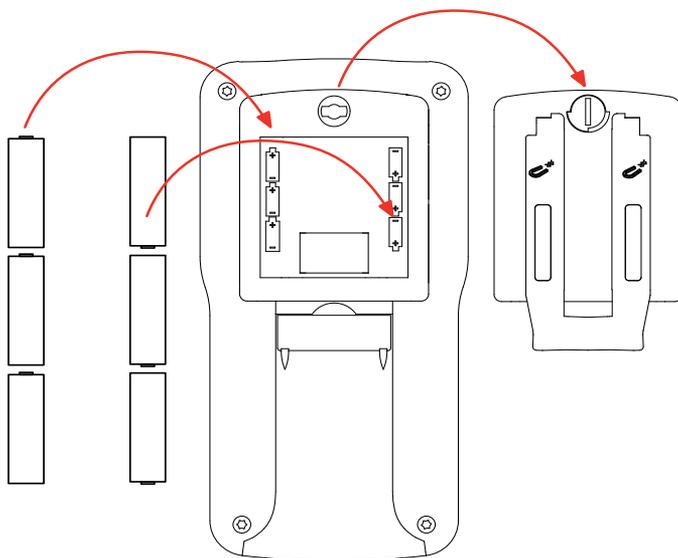


If the battery voltage is too low to ensure correct operation of the instrument, a “low battery” message appears on the LCD and the  symbol blinks:



This indicates the batteries must be replaced. All batteries must be replaced at the same time. To do this:

1. Disconnect any attached leads or accessories from the instrument and turn the rotary switch to OFF.
2. Use a tool or a coin to turn the quarter-turn screw of the battery compartment cover.
3. Remove the battery compartment cover.
4. Remove the batteries from the compartment.



Do not treat spent batteries as ordinary household waste. Take them to the appropriate collection facility for recycling.

5. Place the new batteries in the compartment, ensuring that each battery's polarity is correct.
6. Put the battery compartment cover in place and screw the quarter-turn screw back in.

4.2 Troubleshooting

4.2.1 Errors

During instrument operation, errors may be displayed on the LCD. The causes of any errors must be corrected before the instrument can resume normal operation.

4.2.1.1 Voltage present before an insulation measurement



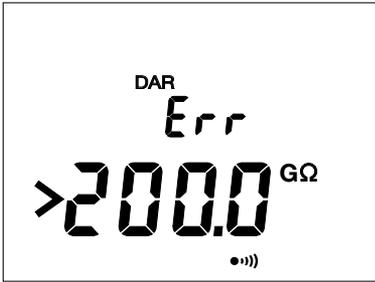
Before taking an insulation measurement, the instrument measures voltage on the system under test. If it detects voltage in excess of 25V and you attempt to take a measurement, the instrument displays the message shown to the left, and no measurement is taken.

You must eliminate the voltage to resume taking the measurement.

4.2.1.2 Range exceeded during an insulation measurement

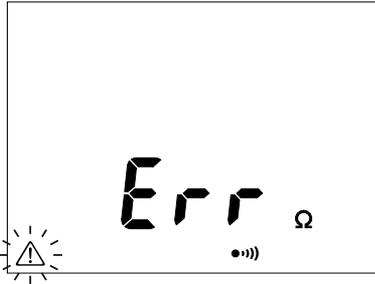


If during an insulation measurement the value to be measured exceeds the measurement range (which depends on the instrument and the test voltage), the instrument reports this condition. For example, the screen to the left is displayed when the range is exceeded on the Model 6524 while measuring in the 100V range.



With the Model 6524, if this condition occurs during a DAR or PI measurement, the instrument interrupts the measurement and displays the screen shown to the left.

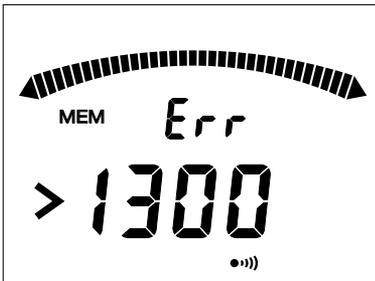
4.2.1.3 Voltage present during a continuity, resistance, or capacitance measurement



If during a continuity, resistance, or capacitance measurement the instrument detects an external voltage in excess of 15V (AC or DC), it interrupts the measurement and displays the screen shown to the left.

You must eliminate the voltage to resume the measurement.

4.2.1.4 Memory full (Model 6524)



When the memory is full (300 recordings), the instrument displays the screen shown to the left. You must remove one or more recordings before new recordings can be saved (see § 2.3.3).

4.2.2 Resetting the Instrument

You can reset your instrument at any time. To do this:

1. Press the ▲ and ☼ buttons simultaneously.
2. Turn the rotary switch to any setting other than OFF.
3. The instrument reboots.

4.3 Repair and Calibration

To ensure that your instrument meets factory specifications, we recommend that it be scheduled to be sent back to our factory Service Center at one-year intervals for recalibration, or as required by other standards or internal procedures.

For instrument repair and calibration:

You must contact our Service Center for a Customer Service Authorization Number (CSA#). This will ensure that when your instrument arrives, it will be tracked and processed promptly. Please write the CSA# on the outside of the shipping container. If the instrument is returned for calibration, we need to know if you want a standard calibration, or a calibration traceable to N.I.S.T. (Includes calibration certificate plus recorded calibration data.)

Ship To: Chauvin Arnoux®, Inc. d.b.a. AEMC® Instruments
15 Faraday Drive • Dover, NH 03820 USA
Phone: (800) 945-2362 (Ext. 360) • (603) 749-6434 (Ext. 360)
Fax: (603) 742-2346 or (603) 749-6309
E-mail: repair@aemc.com

(Or contact your authorized distributor.)

Costs for repair, standard calibration, and calibration traceable to N.I.S.T. are available.

NOTE: You must obtain a CSA# before returning any instrument.

4.4 Technical and Sales Assistance

If you are experiencing any technical problems, or require any assistance with the proper operation or application of your instrument, please call, fax, or e-mail our technical support team:

Contact: Chauvin Arnoux®, Inc. d.b.a. AEMC® Instruments
Phone: (800) 945-2362 (Ext. 351) • (603) 749-6434 (Ext. 351)
Fax: (603) 742-2346
E-mail: techsupport@aemc.com

4.5 Limited Warranty

The Model 6522 and 6524 are warranted to the owner for a period of two years from the date of original purchase against defects in manufacture. This limited warranty is given by AEMC® Instruments, not by the distributor from whom it was purchased. This warranty is void if the unit has been tampered with or abused, or if the defect is related to service not performed by AEMC® Instruments.

Full warranty coverage and product registration is available on our website at: www.aemc.com/warranty.html.

Please print the online Warranty Coverage Information for your records.

What AEMC® Instruments will do: If a malfunction occurs within the warranty period, you may return the instrument to us for repair, provided we have your warranty registration information on file or a proof of purchase. AEMC® Instruments will, at its option, repair or replace the faulty material.

4.6 Warranty Repairs

What you must do to return an Instrument for Warranty Repair:

First, request a Customer Service Authorization Number (CSA#) by phone or by fax from our Service Department (see address below), then return the instrument along with the signed CSA Form. Please write the CSA# on the outside of the shipping container. Return the instrument, postage or shipment pre-paid to:

Ship To: Chauvin Arnoux®, Inc. d.b.a. AEMC® Instruments
15 Faraday Drive • Dover, NH 03820 USA
Phone: (800) 945-2362 (Ext. 360) • (603) 749-6434 (Ext. 360)
E-mail: repair@aemc.com

Caution: To protect yourself against in-transit loss, we recommend you insure your returned material.

NOTE: You must obtain a CSA# before returning any instrument.



01/20

99-MAN 100429 v8

Chauvin Arnoux® , Inc. d.b.a. AEMC® Instruments

15 Faraday Drive • Dover, NH 03820 USA

Phone: (603) 749-6434 • Fax: (603) 742-2346

www.aemc.com